В	P-301	1T						•			
R	toll No	0.									
			ODD SEMI	CTED EV	AMINIAT	TION 2	022 23	'			
	ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION , 2022-23  COURSE NAME :- B.PHARM										
	SEMESTER- 3rd										
	SUBJECT :- ORGANIC CHEMISTRY -II										
			2020201	. 011012	2 (20 022						
Т	IME:	3 HOURS						MA	X MARKS:75		
N	OTE:	: Attempt all parts.							(1x20)		
				PA	RT A						
(2	ATTI	EMPT ALL QUE	STION)								
	<ol> <li>Fatty acids are –         <ul> <li>(a) Unsaturated dicarboxylic acids b) Long chain alkanoic acids c) Aromatic carboxylic acids</li> <li>(d) Aromatic dicarboxylic acids</li> </ul> </li> </ol>										
	2.	Fats and oils are -  (a) Monoesters of Diesters glycometers.	f glycerol	(b) Die	sters of §	glycerol	(c)	Triesters of	f glycerol (d)		
	3.	Phenol is used (a) In alcoholic be repellant.	oeverages	(b) As	anaesthet	ic (	(c) In a	ntiseptics	(d) As moth		
	4.	Phenanthrene is a (a) Three benzen		yclic com (b) Four l	_			vo benzene r	ring		
	5.	Naphthalene on o (a) Phthaldehyde		h KMnO <sub>4</sub> alic anhyd		mediur c) Phtha	_		alonic acid		
	6.	The carbon atoms (a) Sp hybridized		e ring are ybridized		o <sup>3</sup> hybrid	dized	(d)None	of the above		
	7.	Which of the follows:  (a) They can be properties:  (b) They do not from the follows:  (c) They react with the follows:  (d) They are basis.	orepared by rorm salt with the ice-cold n	eduction of acids itrous acid	of nitriles	with L	iAlH4	?			
	8.	Cyclo alkanes hav	ve the same in (b) Alke		formula (c) Alk			(d) None	of these		

9. Enzyme responsible for hydrolysis of fat is –  (a) Reductase (b) Aconitase (c) Lipase (d) Kinase									
10. Huckel's Rule is also known as –  (a) $(4n + 2) \pi$ electron rule  (b) $(4n + 2)\sigma$ electron rule  (c) $(4n + 2)\sigma$ electron rule  (d) $(4n + 1) \pi$ electron rule									
11. The main source of poly nuclear hydrocarbons are –  (a) Biogas & Petroleum (b) Natural gas (c) Petroleum (d) Coal Tar & Petroleum	n								
12. Nitration of benzene is carried out in presence of  (a) Concentrated Sulphuric acid  (b) Mixture of concentrated H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> & concentrated HNO <sub>3</sub> (b) Concentrated HCL									
<ul> <li>13. Fats and oils are ester of –</li> <li>(a) Acetic acid and alcohols (b)Fatty acid &amp; alcohols (c)Carboxylic acid &amp; alcohols (d) None of the above</li> </ul>									
14. Which of the following is important in testing the purity of butter and ghee- (a) RM Value (b)Acid Value (c)Iodine Value (d) Saponification Value	on								
15. Phenol is –  (a) Solid (b)Crystalline solid (c)Gas (d)Liquid									
16. Electron releasing group on aromatic amines-									
(a)Decrease the basicity (b) Increase the basicity (c) Neutral the basicity (d) None of above	ty								
17. Aromatic acids when react with ammonia it forms-									
(a) Hydrocarbon (b) Acid chloride (c) Amide (d) Ketone									
18. Iodine number is defined as the number of grams of iodine required for the iodination									
ofgm of fats or oils-									
(a) 1 (b) 5 (c) 100 (d) 1000									
19. The reaction of aromatic acids with alcohol in presence of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> is called –									
(a) Esterification (b) Saponification (c) Hydrolysis (d) Neutralization	on								
20. The number of OH group in fats can be expressed as-									
(a)Polenske number (b) RM Value (c) Acetyl Value (d) Iodine Value	ıe								

## **PART B**

## (QUESTION No. 21 TO 233 ATTEMPT ANY 2)

(2x10)

- 21. Interpret poly nuclear aromatic hydrocarbons with its classification?
- 22. Explain acid and Saponification value and demonstrate the physical and chemical properties of fats and oils?
- 23. Describe and explain the preparation of phenol with the effect of substituents on its acidity?

## **PART C**

## (QUESTION NO. 24 TO 32 ATTEMPT ANY 7)

(7x5)

- 24. Explain structure and uses of DDT, BHC and Saccharin.
- 25. Give one preparation for each of the following
  - (a) Naphthalene
  - (b) Anthraecene
  - (c) Phenanthrene
- 26. Explain in detail about Baeyer Strain theory and also mention its limitations.
- 27. Integrate the mechanism involved in friedal craft alkylation and halogenations reaction of benzene.
- 28. Explain Resonance and Kekule's structure of benzene.
- 29. Explain effect of electron withdrawing groups on the basicity of aromatic amines.
- 30. Rewrite the synthesis with chemical reaction and uses of diphenyl methane and triphenyl methane.
- 31. Discus Sachse Mohr's theory of Strainless Ring in detail.
- 32. Summarize molecular orbital structure of benzene.